Pennsylvania’s Family Group Decision Making Statewide Evaluation User’s Guide

Family Group Decision Making Statewide Evaluation User’s Guide

December 2017
Introduction

This User’s Guide is a compilation of materials and guidance to support Pennsylvania’s Family Group Decision Making (FGDM) Statewide Evaluation. Specifically, the User’s Guide provides guidance to county and agency partners along with their private provider partners on their use of three evaluation forms (the Family Group Conference Survey, the Baseline Form and the Outcome Form).

The User’s Guide is organized in several sections: an overview of information common to all three forms, form-specific sections, and a glossary. It is our hope that the User’s Guide can serve as a helpful and easy-to-use resource that will allow us to learn more about the FGDM experience and provide insight on furthering the practice.

If you have any questions or comments about the User’s Guide, please contact: engagePA@pitt.edu
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**Evaluation Forms Overview**

This User’s Guide provides guidance for each of the Family Group Decision Making Statewide Evaluation Forms including the Family Group Conference Survey, Family Group Conference Baseline and the Family Group Conference Outcome forms. The Overview section provides guidelines regarding processes and items that are common to all forms. Electronic and paper forms are available online at [http://www.pacwrc.pitt.edu/FGDM_EvaluationPage.htm](http://www.pacwrc.pitt.edu/FGDM_EvaluationPage.htm).

The evaluation examines how Family Group Decision Making conferences impact children. When completing the Forms, focus on just one child/youth referred to as the **identified or focus child/youth**, even if there are multiple children/youth participating in the conference. While some conferences may focus their strategies on supporting the parents, because the overall conference goal is to improve the child’s life, the evaluation collects child-specific information.

**Selecting the Identified or Focus Child/Youth:**

- When there is only one child/youth in the family, that child/youth is the identified or focus child/youth and their information should be on the forms.
- If there is more than one child/youth in the family, and a specific child/youth is clearly the focus of the meeting, then that is the identified or focus child/youth.
- When a conference occurs for all of the children within a family, please select the child with closest birthdate (month, day) to the conference date (month/day). **EXAMPLE:** If today’s date is March 21st and you receive a referral for an entire family, check the birthdates for each child. If the children’s birthdates are March 3rd (3/3) and September 9th (9/9), you would select the child with the March 3 (3/3) DOB to be the identified or focus child/youth for the purposes of completing the evaluation forms.

The figure below outlines which Forms are completed, at what points and by whom.

- **Initial or New Conference**
  - Conference Surveys: Completed by all attendees except Facilitator
- **45-60 days post conference**
  - Outcome Form: Completed by a professional, typically the Coordinator or Facilitator
- **6 months post conference**
  - Outcome Form: Completed by a professional, typically the Coordinator or Facilitator
- **Baseline Form:**
  - Completed by a professional, typically the Coordinator or Facilitator

The forms first come into play when a family comes together for an initial or new conference.

- If this is the first time a family is having a conference, then this is a new conference.
- If a family is returning to hold a conference concerning a new issue (unrelated to the earlier conference) or a different child is the focus, then this is considered a new conference and you would begin a new set of forms while continuing to complete Outcome Forms for the original conference.

Forms completed at the initial or new conference include the Baseline Form and the Family Group Conference Survey.

- **Baseline Form** – Complete at or immediately after a new or initial conference. The Facilitator or Caseworker typically completes this Form. Several people may contribute information to this Form, but we prefer that only one person fill in the Form. However, each county’s process varies so verify your county’s procedures before beginning.
- **Family Group Conference Survey** – Immediately after the conference, ask the family and professionals to complete the Survey. The Facilitator does NOT complete a Survey.
Please note that for the purposes of the evaluation, Follow-up Conferences are meetings where a family comes together to monitor their plan. **Evaluation Forms are NOT completed for Follow-Up Conferences.**

When completing the top portion of the forms, fill-in the date, the county code, year and conference ID.

- County Code is the numeric identifier for the county determined by listing the counties alphabetically and numbering them 1-67. If you need to check a county code, please review the listing found in the glossary.
- The Year is the four-digit calendar year in which the conference occurred.
- The same Conference ID number should be used on all of the Forms related to the same initial or new conference. Counties use a variety of processes to establish the Conference IDs. Please check with your county if you are unsure how to complete this information. Take care to avoid using the same Conference ID number twice in a calendar year, or it will result in the undercounting of the conferences.

If a conference occurs over multiple days, use the date of the conference during which the family plan was fully developed and finalized.

**If at any time you are unsure about a requested piece of information on any of the forms, ask the referring or case-carrying worker.**

**Submitting Forms**

- Baseline and Outcome forms may be submitted electronically, or you may still use paper forms, if necessary.
- Surveys are available in paper form only.
- You can print the forms using any printer, but please print the forms “duplexed” and on white paper.
- Please avoid mass photocopying of the forms, as the copies can become distorted and will be unusable and unable to be included in the evaluation.
- All forms should be completed using pencil or blue/black ballpoint pen.
- On the bottom right-hand corner of each form there is a printed bar code (see the bottom of p.3 for an example). Do not color or write in this box or the form will be unusable.
- Please send forms from multiple conferences in the same envelope using a paper clip to attach the forms from a given conference together. Please DO NOT staple forms.

Please email [engagePA@pitt.edu](mailto:engagePA@pitt.edu) with any questions.

If you are submitting paper forms, please mail them to the CWRC monthly so that we can process the forms and report the most up-to-date information from your county. Paper forms are processed in the order in which they are received. Electronic submissions are processed immediately.

**Mailing Address:**

PA Child Welfare Resource Center  
Attn: Statewide FGDM Evaluation  
403 East Winding Hill Road  
Mechanicsburg, PA 17055
### Family Group Conference Survey

**Family Group Conference Date**

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**County Code**  

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**Year**  

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**Conference ID**

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We would like to know what you observed about the family group conference and how you feel about the conference. Please put an X in the box that best represents your response to each item. If you don't know, choose "Don't Know." If an item doesn't apply to the conference, choose N/A (not applicable).

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<th></th>
<th>Strongly Agree</th>
<th>Agree</th>
<th>Disagree</th>
<th>Strongly Disagree</th>
<th>Don't Know</th>
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<td>1. Each paid professional was clear about their role (e.g., child protection counseling).</td>
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<td>2. The FGDM facilitator was respectful of the family group.</td>
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<td>3. The FGDM facilitator/coordinator did not have other jobs to do with the family besides organizing and/or facilitating the group.</td>
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<td>4. The family group understood the reasons for holding the conference.</td>
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<td>5. The conference was held in a place that felt right to the family group.</td>
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<td>6. The conference was held in a way that felt right to the family group (e.g., the right food, right time of day).</td>
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<td>7. More family group than paid professionals participated in the conference.</td>
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<td>8. Different sides of the family participated in the conference (e.g., Father/Mother sides of the family).</td>
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<td>9. People at the conference were relatives and/or people who feel &quot;like family&quot; (e.g., old friends, good neighbors).</td>
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<td>10. The family group was prepared for the conference (e.g., got enough information on what happened at the conference).</td>
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<td>11. The paid professionals were prepared for the conference (e.g., got enough information on what happened at the conference).</td>
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<td>12. The conference had enough supports and protections (e.g., support services).</td>
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<td>13. Paid professionals shared the knowledge (e.g., they did not tell the family group how to solve the problem).</td>
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<td>14. The family group had private time to make their plan.</td>
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<td>15. The plan included ways that the family group will help out.</td>
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<td>16. The plan included steps to evaluate if the plan is working and to get the family group back together again if needed.</td>
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<td>17. The plan was approved quickly.</td>
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<td>18. The children will be safer as a result of this plan.</td>
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<td>19. I would recommend family group to other families.</td>
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Do you have any other thoughts or comments about the conference? Please share them with us by writing them here.

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*Adapted from Pennell, J. (2009). Checking for model fidelity. In J. Pennell & G. Anderson (Eds.), Family group decision making: case study and evaluation of family group conferencing with children, youth, and their families (pp. 137-159).*
Family Group Conference Survey

What is your relationship to the child/children in the family? You can put yourself down as whatever feels most comfortable to you but we ask that you only fill in ONE relationship.

- Child/youth (focus of meeting)
- CYS supervisor
- CYS caseworker
- Clergy
- Legal professional
- Medical/healthcare professional
- Juvenile probation or adult probation/parole
- Provider of therapeutic services
- Housing professional
- Mental health/intellectual and developmental disabilities professional
- Early childhood development services professional
- School professional
- Drug and alcohol professional
- Domestic violence professional
- Family preservation and placement services provider
- Community support resource
- Legal guardian of the child

We ask you to describe yourself in order to learn about who attends Family Group Conferences. However, you can choose to skip these questions.

Age Range

- 6-13
- 14-17
- 18-21
- 22-30
- 31-40
- 41-50
- 51-60
- 61-70
- Over 70

Gender

- Male
- Female

Ethnicity

Are you of Hispanic, Latino or Spanish origin?
- Yes
- No

Race (check only ONE)

- Black/African American
- White/Caucasian
- Asian/Pacific Islander
- Native American/Alaskan/Hawaiian
- Multiracial
- Other (please specify)

Please turn over and do NOT write in barcode.


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**Family Group Conference Survey**

The Family Group Conference Survey is an opportunity for participants to provide insight concerning their conference experience. For many families involved with child welfare, this may be the first opportunity they have had to provide feedback on their services. Therefore, it is important to prepare and support families throughout the Survey. All participants, except the Facilitator, should complete the Survey.

**Preparing the Surveys for completion**

Complete the top portion of the Family Group Conference Surveys before distributing them. The items below are required to process the Surveys.

- County Code is the numeric identifier for the county determined by listing the counties alphabetically and numbering them 1-67. If you need to check a county code, please review the listing found in the glossary.
- The Year is the four-digit calendar year not the fiscal year or other year format.
- The same Conference ID number should be used on all of the Forms related to the same initial or new conference. Counties use a variety of processes to establish the Conference IDs. Please check with your county if you are unsure how to complete this information. Take care to avoid using the same Conference ID number twice in a State Fiscal Year (July 1-June 30), or it will result in the undercounting of the conferences.

The Survey is available in English and Spanish (the Spanish version is available online [http://www.pacwrc.pitt.edu/FGDM_EvaluationPage.htm](http://www.pacwrc.pitt.edu/FGDM_EvaluationPage.htm)). Facilitators should provide participants with Surveys in either English or Spanish based on the participant’s needs and preferences. Youth are invited to complete the Survey as well; however, Facilitators will need to judge whether a youth is able to complete the Survey.

**Guiding participants through Survey completion**

Facilitators should introduce and instruct participants in how to complete the Survey. Facilitators should use their own words when discussing the Survey with participants, but should incorporate the points below into the discussion.

- Ask all participants to complete their Survey with black or blue ballpoint pens or pencils, remind them that it is two pages and NOT to fold the Surveys.
- Inform families that participation is voluntary and that the Surveys will be kept CONFIDENTIAL.
- **STRESS THAT PARTICIPANTS ARE TO SELECT ONLY ONE RELATIONSHIP** based on their connection to the identified or focus child/youth (and where applicable, the mother or father’s side of the family). If a participant is unsure of their relationship, remind the participant that for the Survey’s purpose it is simply how they directly relate to the child/youth. This is how they would have identified themselves during introductions.
- A Survey cannot be included in the evaluation if more than one relationship code is checked.
- If at any time a participant is unsure how to answer any Survey item, instruct them to select the option with which they are most comfortable.

**If participants have difficulty selecting a relationship, please refer to the examples and solutions below.**

- A participant that once provided professional services to the family, but no longer does should indicate that they are a friend. In this situation, their relationship is no longer a paid professional relationship but is now a friendship.
- A family member may also be a member of a profession on the list. Unless they are providing professional services to the child/family, they should select the familial relationship that best reflects their relationship to the identified or focus child/youth, (e.g., Uncle, Aunt, sibling).
- A participant may be both a family member and the legal guardian for the identified child. In such an instance, the participant should choose their familial relationship to the identified or focus child/youth rather than legal guardian.
- A friend of the identified or focus child/youth, (e.g., boyfriend, girlfriend, peer) who attends the conference should select the “friends and neighbors” relationship. This would also apply for the parents of boyfriends, girlfriends or peers.
If participants do not understand an item, try the following:

- Ask them what they think it means. Sometimes people want to have their perception validated.
- Ask them if a question or word is unclear and define the word as needed. Try to avoid interpreting the question for them, (e.g., “This question means...”).
- If they cannot answer a question, instruct them to leave it blank. It is permissible to skip questions.

If participants have difficulty reading the Survey, try the following:

- Ask the participant if he or she would like you or another conference participant to read the questions aloud, but do so in a way that protects the privacy of their survey responses.
- If a participant is uncomfortable completing the Survey or having the Survey read aloud, please let them know the Survey is voluntary and they can to choose not to participate.

If participants leave the conference early
Surveys should be distributed to all participants. If a participant should need to leave a conference early, please ask that she or he fill out the Survey prior to departing. If a participant leaves the conference prior to the finalization of the FGDM plan, she or he should select “Don’t Know” in response to questions in the Survey that reference the plan.

When participants have completed the Survey, instruct them to place their Surveys in a LARGE envelope to help maintain the confidentiality of their responses.
Family Group Conference Baseline

4. Which plan will be developed/revised as a result of this family group conference? Check ALL that apply.

- Family service plan
- Child permanency plan
- Treatment plan
- Lifetime network plan
- Transition plan
- Probation/Supervision plan
- A plan will not be developed/revised as a result of this conference

5. During the period of time while preparing for the conference, was the child living MOST of the time in a residential program?

- Independently (16 and older)
- 30-day residential program
- Residential treatment facility
- Independent living program
- Homeless

5a. What is the child's planned living environment in the next 45-60 days after the conference? Check only ONE.

- Independently (16 and older)
- Residential treatment facility
- Job Corps Parent
- Home Informal
- Group home
- Shelter
- School dormitory
- Drug and alcohol inpatient facility
- Inpatient psychiatric facility
- Kinship care Formal
- Youth correctional facility
- Kinship care Foster
- Adult correctional facility
- Care
- Supervised independent living program
- Placement pending

6. At the time of the conference, was the child in the custody of his/her parent(s) or kin? Yes ☐ No ☐

7. At 45-60 days after the conference, is the plan for the child to be in the custody of his/her parent(s) or kin? Yes ☐ No ☐

8. At what point in the service pathway is the child ready for youth care? Check only ONE.

- Family open for services and child in OUT-OF-HOME placement
- Assessment/Investigation/Intake
- No supervision
- Aftercare
- Family open for services and receiving IN-HOME services
- In-Home
- No agency involvement

9. Please indicate how many kinship supports were engaged in the FGM process.

10. Child's demographic information:

- Race: ☐ White/Caucasian ☐ Black/African American ☐ Native American/Alaskan/Hawaiian ☐ Asian/Pacific Islander ☐ Other
- Ethnicity (check only ONE): ☐ Hispanic ☐ Not Hispanic or Latino
- Gender: ☐ Male ☐ Female
- Age (in years):
- MCI#

11. At the time of the conference, please select the child/youth's court/legal involvement: Check only ONE.

- Alleged dependent
- Dependent
- Both (dependent and delinquent)
- Delinquent
- None

12. In the last 6 months, have there been substantiated/founded/indicated reports of child abuse/neglect for this child/youth? Yes ☐ No ☐

12a. If yes, what is the most recent type of abuse report? Check only ONE.

- Physical abuse
- Serious physical neglect
- Serious mental injury
- Sexual abuse

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User's Guide

University of Pittsburgh School of Social Work
September 2017

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**Family Group Conference Baseline Form**

The Baseline Form gathers information regarding the identified or focus child/youth’s living environment, demographics, abuse history, as well as dependency and delinquency status. Below are some explanations that can help guide you when completing the Form. If you are unsure of any information requested on the Form, please check with the referring worker. Complete the Baseline Form online or return with the completed conference surveys to the PA Child Welfare Resource Center. Baselines should be completed and submitted even if conference participants did not complete surveys.

**Selecting the Identified or Focus Child/Youth**

- When there is only one child/youth in the family, that child/youth is the identified or focus child/youth and their information should be on the forms.
- If there is more than one child/youth in the family, and a specific child/youth is clearly the focus of the meeting, then that is the identified or focus child/youth.
- When a conference occurs for all of the children within a family, please select the child with closest birthdate (month, day) to the conference date (month/day). **EXAMPLE:** If today’s date is March 21st and you receive a referral for an entire family, check the birthdates for each child. If the children’s birthdates are March 3rd (3/3) and September 9th (9/9), you would select the child with the March 3 (3/3) DOB to be the identified or focus child/youth for the purposes of completing the evaluation forms.

**Completing the Baseline Form**

The Baseline Form requests similar identifying information to the Family Group Conference Survey.

- Family Group Conference Date is the date that the conference was held. If a conference occurs over multiple days, use the date of the conference during which the family plan was fully developed and finalized.
- Referral Date is the date that a request and/or referral for a conference was received by the coordinator.
- County Code is the numeric identifier for the county determined by listing the counties alphabetically and numbering them 1-67. If you need to check a county code, please review the listing found in the glossary.
- The Year is the four-digit calendar year in which the conference occurred.
- The same Conference ID number should be used on all of the Forms related to the same initial or new conference. Counties use a variety of processes to establish the Conference IDs. Please check with your county if you are unsure how to complete this information. Take care to avoid using the same Conference ID number twice in a calendar year, or it will result in the undercounting of the conferences.

The Baseline Form also requests information about the length of the conference and the number of people invited and the number of people who attended.

- Length of Conference is the duration of the conference and is the total number of hours and minutes the conference took to occur. This time should start at conference introductions and stop after closing remarks.
- Number of people invited is the total number of individuals who were invited to the conference. This number should not include the conference coordinator and/or facilitator.
- Number of people attended is the total number of individuals who attended the conference; this number includes those participating in-person and/or remotely, but does not include those whose views were shared via documentation, letter, and/or email. This number should not include the conference coordinator and/or facilitator.
Shared Case Responsibility and Referring Agency items request system information unique to the identified or focus child/youth. The bullets below provide additional guidance to complete these items.

- **Shared Case Responsibility** (SCR) is determined if the case meets the criteria defined in the SCR bulletin. Shared Case Responsibility is more than a case open with two or more agencies, but refers to a case where the court orders CYS & JPO jointly manage the case.

- **Primary Referring Agency** refers to the agency that made the referral, or in the cases of joint referrals, the lead agency.

Items 1-11 ask for information that provides additional context regarding the conference, family and identified or focus child/youth. The bullets below provide additional guidance when completing the items.

- **Item 1** asks you to identify the conference participants in terms of their relationship to the identified or focus child/youth.

- **Item 2** examines why the family came for a conference. That is, what is the primary challenge the conference is intended to address? **EXAMPLE:** If a family came to a conference to develop a plan to address a child’s behavior issues, you would select child/youth’s behavior issues. Even if the conference plan is the foundation for the Family Service Plan, the purpose of the conference is to address the child’s behavior issues.

- **Item 3** examines the services and supports the family included in their Family Plan. The listing categorizes the services into natural and professional services and supports. Please refer to the glossary to review the definitions of the services and supports, as these definitions are specific to the evaluation.

- **Item 4** asks about the plan or plans that will be developed/revised as a result of the family group conference. Plans should be selected if the referring agency and/or a conference participant states that he/she will be developing and/or revising one or more of the plan selections as a result of the family group conference.

- **Item 5** asks about the identified or focus child/youth’s primary living environment while preparing for the conference. Please refer to the glossary to review the definitions of living environments, as these definitions are specific to the evaluation.

- **Item 5a** asks for the identified or focus child/youth’s PLANNED, primary living environment, for the 45-60 days following the conference. Please refer to the glossary to review the definitions of the services and supports, as these definitions are specific to the evaluation.
  - If at the time of Form completion, a decision about where the identified or focus child/youth will live needs approval from a judge, please select placement pending.
  - If the identified or focus child/youth is in the care and custody of a parent but will be living in a family member’s home (e.g., grandparent), please indicate that they are living with their parent.
  - If the identified or focus child/youth will be residing in a school dormitory or Job Corps setting, whether in the care and custody of their parents or the county agency, please select school dormitory or Job Corps.

- **Item 6** examines if the identified or focus child/youth was in the custody of his/her parent(s) or kin at the time of the conference. Select...
  - **Yes**, if child/youth was in the custody of his/her parent(s) or kin.
  - **No**, if child/youth was not in the custody of his/her parent(s) or kin.

- **Item 7** examines if the plan is for the identified or focus child/youth to be in the custody of his/her parent(s) or kin at 45-60 days following the conference. Select...
  - **Yes**, if the plan is for the identified or focus child/youth to be in the custody of his/her parent(s) or kin 45-60 days after the conference.
  - **No**, if the plan is NOT for the identified or focus child/youth to be in the custody of his/her parent(s) or kin 45-60 days after the conference.
• Item 8 examines when in the life of a case the conference occurred. **EXAMPLE:** Is it occurring during the initial phase of a case (referred to in a variety of terms - Investigation, Intake or Assessment) before the agency accepts the family for services or at another point in the case? Select the statement that reflects when in the life of the case, the conference occurred.

• Item 9 examines how many kinship supports were engaged in the FGDM process. This number is the sum of all kin engaged throughout the conference process, not just those who attended the conference.

• Item 10 asks about the identified or focus child/youth’s demographic information
  - **Race:** Check only one. Do not assume that biracial children identify as black or white. Ask the parents (or the youth) what they consider their child’s or youth’s race to be.
    ▪ If they say “mixed” or “biracial,” select multiracial.
  - **Ethnicity:** Check only one. Ask the identified or focus child/youth or their parents whether they consider themselves Hispanic or Latino.
  - **Gender:** Check only one. Check with the youth and select the gender with which the youth identifies.
  - **Age:** The age of the identified child/youth is to be rounded up at the six-month mark. **EXAMPLE:** If a child is less than 6 months old, record the age as 0 years. If a child is at least 6 months old, but less than 1 year, round the age up to 1. Record the age of a child who is 11 years and 6 months old as 12.
  - **MCI:** Master Client Index number refers to the numeric identifier assigned by the county through the Department of Human Services. MCI numbers provide each child a unique identifier allowing agencies to track children across systems.

• Item 11 examines the child’s/youth’s legal involvement **at the time of the conference.** This question classifies the legal status of the child as allegedly dependent or delinquent, determined to be dependent or delinquent or both dependent and delinquent.
  - Select **None** in cases
    ▪ where the conference occurs as a diversion,
    ▪ where there is no agency involvement,
    ▪ where there is no court involvement.

• Item 12 examines the child/youth’s history of abuse and neglect within the previous 6 MONTHS. The item asks if the identified/focus child was the subject of a substantiated/founded/indicated (counties use different terms) CPS report of child abuse or neglect.
  - Select **No,** if in the past 6 months there were no substantiated/founded/indicated reports of child abuse or neglect.
  - Select **Yes,** if in the past 6 months there was a substantiated/founded/indicated incident of child abuse or neglect.

• Item 12a: If the answer to item 12 was yes, **please check only one** abuse type category. Since only one item can be selected, but children can be the subject of more than one type of abuse; indicate the abuse type that most relates to the conference or is the current concern or challenge.
Family Group Conference Outcome Form

Outcome Date: [ ] / [ ] / 20[ ]
Family Group Conference Date: [ ] / [ ] / 20[ ]

Case Status
At this time, the case was open with which agencies? □ CYS □ JPO □ Both CYS & JPO □ No open case with CYS or JPO
Is the Children & Youth case closed? □ Yes □ No □ N/A
If closed with Children & Youth, date case closed? [ ] / [ ] / 20[ ]
IfincarceratedwithChildren&Youthpleaseselectthe
PRIMARYreasonforincarceration.CheckonlyONE
□ Family moved □ Aging out (turning 21) □ Goal achievement
□ Achieved permanency □ Court closed for reason NOT Listed
□ Other (please specify below)

1a. Since the initial conference, how effective was the family in achieving the conference purpose? Check only ONE
□ Ineffective □ Mostly ineffective □ Neither effective nor ineffective □ Effective □ Strongly effective
1b. Was the family offered a follow-up conference? □ Yes □ No
1c. Did a follow-up conference occur? □ Yes □ No
1d. Since the initial conference, were SIGNIFICANT changes made to the family group conference plan? □ Yes □ No
1e. Since the initial conference, have there been any NEW conferences? □ Yes □ No

1f. If YES in 1e, please indicate the reason for additional conference. Check only ONE
□ Develop appropriate service plan □ Prevent out-of-home placement disruption
□ Implement or revise child permanency plan □ Prevent further delinquent behavior
□ Develop appropriate treatment plan □ Protect the child of abuse/neglect
□ Implement or revise treatment plan □ Identify supports for caregivers
□ Implement or revise CASE plan □ Lack of supervision
□ Implement or revise group conference □ Communication issues
□ Develop plan to keep child in safe and stable home □ Juvenile justice issues
□ Placement prevention □ Child/youth’s behavioral issues
□ Change in placement setting □ Child/youth’s health issues

1g. Since initial conference, have there been substantiated/founded or indicated reports of child abuse/neglect for this youth? □ Yes □ No
1h. If YES to 1g, what is the most recent report? □ Physical abuse □ Serious physical neglect □ Sexual abuse □ Serious mental injury
1i. Since the initial conference, has the youth been charged with an additional criminal offense? □ Yes □ No □ N/A
1j. If YES to 1i, select the most serious adjudication or offense: □ Misdemeanor □ Felony □ Other
1k. Since the initial conference, has the youth been adjudicated delinquent or convicted of a criminal offense? □ Yes □ No □ N/A
1l. If YES to 1k, select the most serious adjudication or conviction: □ Misdemeanor □ Felony □ Other

University of Pittsburgh School of Social Work
September 2017

Do not color or write in barcode
2. Since the initial conference, has the family’s plan directly or indirectly improved?

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<tr>
<th></th>
<th>No improvement</th>
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<th>Moderate improvement</th>
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<td>2c. The child/youth's emotional or mental health needs?</td>
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<td>2d. The child/youth's living environment?</td>
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<td>2e. The child/youth's education needs?</td>
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2e. The child/youth's education needs?

- Child is not in school age

3. Since the initial conference, what services and supports were involved with the family? Check ALL that apply.

- Natural supports
  - Informal kinship care
  - Family support
  - Family housing support
  - Family financial support
  - Natural respite
  - Faith-based support
  - Recreational
  - After-school
  - Professional supports
  - Family finding
  - Independent living/aftercare
  - Family therapy
  - Education support

- Domestic violence
  - Formal kinship care
  - Literacy
  - Transportation
  - Foster care
  - Group home
  - Residential treatment facility
  - Respite placement
  - Services Financial
  - Substance abuse (parent)
  - Substance abuse (child)
  - Intellectual and developmental disabilities (parent)
  - Intellectual and developmental disabilities (child)
  - Mental health (parent)
  - Mental health (child)
  - Early childhood developmental services
  - Juvenile probation
  - Adult probation and parole

4. Have placement options been discussed at the conference or have the child/youth’s living in one of the discussed placements?

- Yes ☐  No ☐  N/A ☐

5. Since the initial conference, has the child/youth been living in one of the discussed placements?

- Yes ☐  No ☐

6. Since the initial conference, has the child been involved in one of the discussed placements? Check ONLY ONE.

- Independent living, age 16 and older
  - 30-day residential program
  - Residential treatment facility
  - Juvenile justice intake facility
  - Inpatient psychiatric facility
  - Youth correctional facility
  - Adult correctional facility
  - Supervised independent living program
  - Homeless
  - Shelter

7. Since the initial conference, has the child run away from their living environment?

- Yes, once ☐  Yes, multiple times ☐  No ☐

8. Since the initial conference, has the child been moved (excluding respite stays)?

- 0 (no moves) ☐  1 move ☐  2 or 3 moves ☐  4 or more moves ☐

9. Since the initial conference, has the child’s daily living arrangements been?

- Stable ☐  Somewhat stable ☐  Relatively unstable ☐  Unstable ☐
**Family Group Conference Outcome Form**

The Outcome Form gathers information regarding the impact that the conference and/or family plan had on the identified or focus child/youth. The Outcome Form is completed at two intervals after the conference: once at 45-60 days and again at 6 months. A professional who is most familiar with the family should complete the Form. When responding to the items, focus on the changes that have occurred during the established timeframes, unless the question directs otherwise. It may be necessary to contact the referring worker or current, case-carrying worker for additional information.

**When to complete the Form**

Counties are to complete Outcome Forms for ALL conferences at 45-60 days and again 6-months post-conference. The Outcome Form does not need to be completed on a specific date as long as it is completed during the established timeframes. After the 6-month Outcome Form is completed, no additional Forms are required but counties are encouraged to submit Forms at additional timeframes, (e.g., 1 year) as their resources allow.

In some counties, it may not be possible to complete 6-month Outcome Forms for all conferences. In these cases, the county can complete the 6-month Outcome Forms for a sample of conferences. The guidelines below outline how to select a 6-month sample.

**Six-Month Sample Guidelines:** The date of the conference and the county region determines the conferences that would fall into the sample for completing a 6-month Outcome Form. **EXAMPLE:** a county in the Central Region determines that they do not have enough resources to complete 6-month Outcome Forms for all of their conferences. They opt to implement the sampling strategy option, and following the criteria below, determine that all conferences held by the agency during the month of July will require a 6-month Outcome Form. They would complete these forms in the month of January.

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<th>Region</th>
<th>Conference Month</th>
<th>6-Month Outcome</th>
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<td>January</td>
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<tr>
<td>Southeast</td>
<td>January</td>
<td>July</td>
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<tr>
<td>Northeast</td>
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<td>April</td>
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</table>

**Completing the Outcome Form**

The Outcome Form requests similar identifying information to the Family Group Conference Surveys and Baseline Form.

- **County Code, Year and Conference ID number** should match the Family Group Conference Surveys and Baseline Form previously submitted for this family.
  - County Code is the numeric identifier for the county determined by listing the counties alphabetically and numbering them 1-67. If you need to check a county code, please review the listing found in the glossary.
- **The Year** is the four-digit calendar year in which the conference occurred.
- **The same Conference ID number** should be used on all of the Forms related to the same initial or new conference. Counties use a variety of processes to establish the Conference IDs. Please check with your county if you are unsure how to complete this information. Take care to avoid using the same Conference ID number twice in a calendar year, or it will result in the undercounting of the conferences.
- **Outcome Date** is the date the information was gathered.
- **Family Group Conference date** is the date on which the meeting occurs.
- **Outcome Type** is the timeframe in which the Outcome check-in occurs in relation to the date of the Family Group Conference Outcome date (i.e., 45-60 days after the conference, 6 months after the conference or some other timeframe).
• MCI should be the same as what was used on the previously submitted Baseline Form for the conference. The same identified or focus child/ youth is reported on both the Baseline and Outcome Forms, and further directions on selecting the identified or focus child/ youth are provided on page 1.

Case Status section: The items in this section gather information about the status of the case and the reason(s) that a case may have closed. If you are unsure of the case status, please contact the C&Y and/or JPO agency.

• At this time, the case was open with which agencies. Select...
  o No open case with CYS or JPO, if a family never had a case open with C&Y and/or JPO.
  o Both CYS & JPO, if a family has a case open with both CYS & JPO at the same time.
  o CYS, if a family has an open case with CYS ONLY.
  o JPO, if a family has an open case with JPO ONLY.

• Is the Children & Youth (C&Y) case closed? Select...
  o NA, when there was NO case open with C&Y.
  o Yes, if C&Y has closed the case.
  o No, if the case is still open with C&Y.

• Is the Juvenile Probation (JPO) case closed? Select...
  o NA, when there was NO case open with JPO.
  o Yes, if JPO has closed the case.
  o No, if the case is still open with JPO.

If the case is closed with C&Y and/or JPO, respond to the rest of the questions in the section as they apply. If a case is open with C&Y and/or JPO, or no case was open with C&Y and/or JPO, you may skip the rest of the section and go to question 1a.

• If this case is closed with C&Y, please select the PRIMARY reason for closure.
  o When selecting a response, select only one choice.
  o “Court closed for reason not listed” and “Other” are for the infrequent exceptions and should be used rarely.
    ▪ If you select “Court closed for reason not listed,” no additional information is needed. Do not include information in the text boxes below “Other”.
    ▪ Select “Other” when the closure reason is not listed and specify the reason below in the text box.

• If this case is closed with JPO, please select the PRIMARY reason for closure.
  o When selecting a response, select only one choice.
  o “Court closed for reason not listed” and “Other” are for the infrequent exceptions and should be used rarely.
    ▪ If you select “Court closed for reason not listed”, no additional information is needed. Do not include information in the text boxes below “Other”.
    ▪ Select “Other” when the closure reason is not listed and specify the reason below in the text box.
Items 1a-9 ask for information about the identified or focus child/youth’s status during the outcome timeframe.

- Item 1a asks the professional to judge how effective the family’s plan has been in meeting the conference purpose. Review the definitions for each response option and select the option that best reflects the situation.
  - **Ineffective**- The strategies, supports and services provided to the identified or focus child/youth and family have been poor, limited or undependable and have not been responsive or appropriate to their needs.
  - **Mostly ineffective**- The strategies, supports and services provided to the identified or focus child/youth and family are inconsistent with their needs.
  - **Neither effective nor ineffective**- The strategies, supports and services provided have had no impact (either positively or negatively).
  - **Effective**- The strategies, supports and services provided to the identified or focus child/youth and family are responsive and appropriate to their needs.
  - **Strongly effective**- The strategies, supports and services provided to the identified or focus child/youth and family are highly responsive and fully appropriate to their needs.

- Item 1b asks if a follow-up conference was offered to the family. Select...
  - **Yes**, if a follow-up conference was offered to the family.
  - **No**, if a follow-up meeting was NOT offered to the family.

- Item 1c asks if a follow-up conference occurred. Select...
  - **Yes**, if a follow-up conferences was held.
  - **No**, if a follow-up conference was NOT held.

- Item 1d focuses on modifications made to the plan due to changes in the identified or focus child/youth’s safety, placement, permanency and/or stability. Select...
  - **Yes**, if changes to the child’s safety, placement, permanency and/or stability necessitated plan changes.
  - **No**, if the plan did not require modifications.

- Item 1e asks if the family came back together for a **NEW conference** during the outcome timeframe. For evaluation purposes, a follow-up meeting is NOT considered a new conference, even if it is the case in practice. Select...
  - **No**, if the family did not gather for a new conference.
  - **Yes**, if the family gathered for a new conference.
    - **Item 1f. If yes to item 1e, indicate the primary purpose for the new conference.** The primary purpose is why the family came for a conference. That is, what is the primary challenge the conference is intended to address? **EXAMPLE:** If a family came to a conference to develop a plan to address a child’s behavior issues, you would select child/youth’s behavior issues. Even if the conference plan is the foundation for the Family Service Plan, the purpose of the conference is to address the child’s behavior issues.

- Item 1g examines substantiated, founded and indicated reports since the initial conference. Select...
  - **No**, if the identified or focus child/youth has not been the subject of a substantiated, founded and/or indicated child abuse report.
  - **Yes**, if the identified or focus child/youth has been the subject of a substantiated, founded and/or indicated report.
    - **Item 1h. If yes to Item 1g, select the most recent report type.** Select only one type, but if the report contained more than one type of abuse, select the abuse type that most relates to the conference or is the current challenge or concern.
• Item 1i examines, since the initial conference, if the identified or focus child/youth, **who was adjudicated delinquent at time of the initial conference**, has been charged with an additional criminal offense. Select...
  o **NA**, if the identified or focus child/youth was not adjudicated delinquent at the time of the initial conference.
  o **NO**, if the identified or focus child/youth was adjudicated delinquent at the time of the conference, and **HAS NOT** received additional criminal charges.
  o **YES**, if the identified or focus child/youth was adjudicated delinquent at the time of the conference, and **HAS** received additional criminal charges.
  ▪ **Item 1j. If Yes to item 1i**, select the most serious adjudication or offense.

• Item 1k examines, since the initial conference, if the identified or focus child/youth, **who was adjudicated delinquent at the time of the initial conference**, been adjudicated delinquent or convicted of a criminal offense. Select...
  o **NA**, if the identified or focus child/youth was not adjudicated delinquent at the time of the initial conference.
  o **NO**, if the identified or focus child/youth was adjudicated delinquent at the time of the conference, and **HAS NOT** been adjudicated delinquent or convicted of a criminal offense.
  o **YES**, if the identified or focus child/youth was adjudicated delinquent at the time of the conference, and **HAS** been adjudicated delinquent or convicted of a criminal offense.
  ▪ **Item 1l. If Yes to item 1k**, select the most serious adjudication or conviction.

• Items 2a-2e ask the professional to rate how the family's plan has **DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY** improved the identified or focus child/youth’s overall well-being, education, physical needs, emotional needs and living environment. Select **NA** for educational needs ONLY if the identified or focus child/youth is not of school age.

• Item 3 examines the Services and Supports, since the initial conference, the family and/or the identified or focus child/youth, involved in their case. The listing categorizes the services into natural and professional services and supports. **Please refer to the glossary to review the definitions of the services and supports, as these definitions are specific to the evaluation.**

• Item 4 asks if the identified or focus child/youth is living in an environment that was discussed at the conference. Select...
  o **NA**, if placement was not a consideration at the initial conference.
  o **Yes**, if at the time of the conference, a placement(s) was decided upon and the identified or focus child/youth is living in that placement.
  o **No**, if at the time of the conference, a placement(s) was decided upon and the identified or focus child/youth is **NOT** living in that placement.

• Item 5 asks if kinship supports have remained involved since the initial conference. Select...
  o **No**, if the kinship supports have **NOT** remained involved.
  o **Yes**, if **ONE or more** kinship supports have continued to be involved since the conference.

• Item 6 asks, during the specified timeframe, what is the identified or focus child/youth’s primary living environment. **Please refer to the glossary to review the definitions of living environments, as these definitions are specific to the evaluation.**

• Item 7 requests the number of times that the identified or focus child/youth has run away from his or her living environment.
• Item 8 focuses on the number of times, since the conference, that the identified or focus child/youth has moved or changed living environments. This excludes hospitalizations, respite stays or moves with the family from one home to another. However, if the identified or focus child/youth move between caregivers, (e.g., from mom to dad; excluding visitation) this would be counted as a move. In addition, if a youth moved from their home to a residential treatment facility, this is also counted as a move.

• Item 9 examines the identified or focus child/youth’s living environment stability SINCE THE INITIAL CONFERENCE. Review the response options listed below and select the option that best describes the stability of the living environment.
  - Stable- The identified or focus child/youth has enduring stability in their living arrangement and enjoys positive relationships between parents/caregivers, key adult supporters, and peers.
  - Somewhat stable- The identified or focus child/youth has had adequate stability in their living arrangement and is establishing positive relationships between parents/caregivers, key adult supporters, and peers. The child/youth has had no more than one disruptive change in living environment since the initial conference.
  - Relatively unstable- The identified or focus child/youth has had limited periods of stability in their living arrangement. Relationships between parents/primary caregivers, key adult supporters, and peers may be strained, the child/youth may not feel secure in the living arrangement and disruptions may have resulted in changes of parents/primary caregivers, key adult supporters, and peers in the living environment.
  - Unstable- The identified or focus child/youth has experienced substantial and continuing problems of instability due to multiple changes in their living arrangement. The child/youth feels insecure and concerned about his/her situation.
Glossary

Adult Correctional Facility: All adult facilities, privately or publicly owned and operated, designated by the court (federal, state, and/or local) to detain, supervise, and/or secure an adult, charged with a criminal offense.

Adult Probation & Parole
Adult Probation: Serves adult criminal offenders whom the courts place on supervision in the community through a probation agency, generally in lieu of incarceration or in a split sentence (time period of incarceration and time period of probation at time of sentencing). Adult Parole: Serves adult criminal offenders conditionally released from prison to serve the remaining portion of their sentence in the community.

Aftercare: 1) Independent Living (IL) services that are mandated to be offered to youth who exited care on or after their 16th birthday. Services may include the full range of services available to IL participants, including any service areas addressed in the assessment, counseling and/or stipends. However, if the youth entered an adoptive or Permanent Legal Custodianship situation before turning age 16, he or she would not be eligible for any stipends.
2) A comprehensive cross-systems service plan, beginning at disposition and continuing through placement and discharge back to the community of a delinquent or dependent youth, that insures better outcomes through the continuity of supports and connections that will assist youth as they transition to independent adulthood.

After-school services: Care and educational enhancement to children following school hours; also referred to as after-school programs.

County Code

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**Delinquent**: In response to a petition filed alleging a juvenile to be delinquent, a determination made by the court, that 1) the allegations that the juvenile committed the delinquent acts are true, and 2) that the juvenile is in need of treatment, supervision or rehabilitation.

**Dependent**: In response to a petition filed alleging a child to be dependent, a determination made by a court, upon clear and convincing evidence, that a child is a ‘dependent child’ as defined in the Juvenile Act.

**Domestic Violence services**: Programs designed to support and empower those impacted by domestic violence.

**Drug & Alcohol Inpatient Facility**: Inpatient care facility (including detox, short-term residential, & long-term residential) for the purpose of recovery.

**Early Childhood Developmental Services**: Professional services provided to aid and support the development of children from birth to age five and their families. Supports provided may include but are not limited to: physical development, including vision and hearing; cognitive development; communication development; social or emotional development; and adaptive development. For the purposes of this evaluation, this includes HeadStart, Intermediate Unit Services, Early Intervention, and Home Visiting services.


**Education Support**: Educational enhancement to children in any manner, which may include but is not limited to, tutoring, GED prep, SAT prep, apprenticeships, and financial assistance.

**Employment/ Pre-employment services**: An individual participates with a professional with the intent of seeking employment and/or maintaining employment. There are many employment providers including municipalities, nonprofit and for-profit agencies.

**Faith based support**: Any assistance provided to the family that is affiliated with a religion or religious group.

**Family financial support**: A family member and/or significant friend providing financial assistance, including budgeting support, in any manner to another family member and/or significant friend.
**Family Finding**: Ongoing diligent efforts of the county agency, or contracted providers, to search for and identify adult relatives and kin, and engage them in the county agency’s social service planning and delivery of services, including gaining commitment from relatives and kin to support a child or guardian receiving county agency services.


**Family housing support**: A family member and/or significant friend providing housing assistance in any manner to another family member and/or significant friend.

**Family support**: A family member and/or significant friend assisting another family member and/or significant friend.

**Family Therapy**: Sessions, at least a ½ hour in duration, provided by a clinical staff person to two or more members of a family and at least one person shall have a diagnosed mental disorder.


**Financial Assistance**: A professional providing support regarding monetary matters; may include, but are not limited to, direct assistance with finances or budgeting. Many providers assist with financial needs including municipalities, nonprofit and for-profit agencies.

**Follow-up Conference**: Conferences scheduled at the time of the initial FGDM or later, held for the purpose of reviewing the plan for the participants to monitor what has worked and areas that may need more planning to achieve their initial FGDM purpose.


**Foster care**: The residential care and supervision provided by a non-relative individual(s) (foster parents) to a child placed with a foster family. Although group home and kinship care exist under the federal definition of children in foster care, for the purposes of this evaluation, there is a deliberate intent to discern between a traditional foster care setting, group home setting, and kinship care.


**Group home**: A residential facility (typically resembling a home) for approximately 4-8 children that cannot live with their families; at least one trained caregiver on site twenty-four hours a day and individuals are provided a level of case management services, as well as therapy dependent upon the facility. Although group homes exist under the federal definition of children in foster care, for the purposes of this evaluation, there is a deliberate intent to discern between a traditional foster care setting and group home setting.
Homeless: There is more than one “official” definition of homelessness. 1) An individual who lacks housing (without regard to whether the individual is a member of a family), including an individual whose primary residence during the night is a supervised public or private facility, (e.g., shelters) that provides temporary living accommodations, and an individual who is a resident in transitional housing. 2) An individual without permanent housing who may live on the streets; stay in a shelter, mission, single room occupancy facilities, abandoned building or vehicle; or in any other unstable or non-permanent situation. (Section 330 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C., 254b)) 3) An individual may be considered homeless if that person is “doubled up,” a term that refers to a situation where individuals are unable to maintain their housing situation and are forced to stay with a series of friends and/or extended family members. 4) Previously homeless individuals who are to be released from a prison or a hospital may be considered homeless if they do not have a stable housing situation to which they can return. Recognition of the instability of an individual’s living arrangements is critical to the definition of homelessness.


Housing Assistance: A professional providing support regarding housing needs, in any manner. There are many providers assisting with housing needs and homelessness from municipalities, nonprofit and for-profit agencies.

Independent Living/ Aftercare Services
For the purpose of this evaluation, Independent Living services and Aftercare services are grouped together.

Independent Living: Services provided to all youth in care, age 16 year or older, no matter what placement they are in and regardless of their permanency plan. Independent Living services can include, but are not limited to career counseling and placement, educational counseling and support, instruction in budgeting and home management, family-planning and sexual health counseling, and instruction in self-advocacy.

Aftercare Services: The combination of services, planning, support and supervision provided with the intent of ensuring that the youth successfully reintegrate into their home community.


Independently (youth 16 & older): Youth, NOT in the care and custody of a caregiver or agency, living in their own home.

Inpatient Psychiatric Facility: Private psychiatric hospitals and distinct psychiatric units of general hospitals. Although defined separately due to funding and long-term care option, for the purpose of this evaluation, public psychiatric hospital is included in this section.


Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities (IDD) services for a parent(s) OR child(ren): Services are provided to individuals age three and older who have been determined to have an Intellectual and Developmental Disability. [Children prior to age 3 are serviced through Early Intervention services]. This may be determined if an individual has a full scale IQ of 70 or below and significant limitations in two or more areas of adaptive functioning, and the onset of this level of functioning must occur before the individual’s 22nd birthday.

Job Corps: A no-cost education (to the youth or their family) and vocational training on-site program administered by the U.S. Department of Labor that helps eligible young people, ages 16 through 24, improve the quality of their lives through vocational and academic training.

Juvenile Probation: Supervision of youth who commit a delinquent act, which is an act designated as a crime under the law of this Commonwealth or of another state if the act occurred in that state, or under Federal Law or under local ordinances or an act which constitutes indirect criminal contempt under 23 PA CS 61 (relating to protection from abuse) at age 10 or before reaching age 18 although supervision can last until age 21. Referral Sources consist of: Police, District Magistrate, Other Juvenile Probation Departments within PA, and Interstate Compact for Juvenile Probation Departments outside of PA.

Kinship: A relative of the child through blood or marriage, godparent of the child as recognized through an organized church, a member of the child's tribe or clan, or someone who has a significant positive relationship with the child or the child's family who offers and/or provides support and resources to the child.

Kinship Care: When children live with a kinship caregiver (other than a birth or adoptive parent). Kin begin caring for children in a number of ways, and only some of those ways involve the child welfare system. Kinship care arrangements fall roughly into three categories: (1) informal kinship care, (2) voluntary kinship care, and (3) formal kinship care. For the purposes of this evaluation, the easiest distinction between Formal and Informal Kinship Care is monitoring and payment. If a kinship caregiver receives monitoring and a “per diem” or subsidy directly from the Child Welfare system and/or a contracted service provider, choose Formal Kinship Care. Formal Kinship Care often resembles Foster Care with the difference being the caregiver is kin to the child. If a kinship caregiver has a private arrangement made with a parent and/or court order to care for the child and does not receive funding or supervision through the Child Welfare system, choose Informal Kinship Care. (Note: Informal Kinship Caregivers can receive payment from the local assistance office or by applying directly for child support through the Domestic Relations Office). Although kinship care exists under the federal definition of children in foster care, for the purposes of this evaluation, there is a deliberate intent to discern between a traditional foster care setting, formal kinship care setting, and informal kinship care.

Literacy Services: Services that address literacy needs of all family members. Programs and services are provided through a variety of contexts, which may include adult basic education, English literacy and civics education.
**Master Client Index (MCI):** A common centralized database used to identify clients of the Department of Human Services (DHS) various programs and services. This web-based system houses client data and enables information sharing about clients to provide a seamless network of support for DHS clients. It is a number assigned by the state that uniquely identifies the child. Every child involved in DHS services has a MCI number. If you are a contractor for the referring agency, please contact them to obtain this number.


**Mental Health services:** Therapeutic services provided by a trained, clinical worker and can include, but are not limited to, involuntary treatment, outpatient, inpatient, acute care, emergency and crisis treatment, day treatment, consultation, and education. Community support services include screening of voluntary referrals to state hospitals, discharge planning with hospitals, crisis response, case management for clients in the community with chronic conditions, and residential programs that supervise, support, and treat the individual.


**Natural respite:** A family member and/or significant friend providing the caregiver with brief periods of time in which they care and supervise the child(ren).

**Parent's home:** Refers to youth/minors in the custody and care of their parents or youth age 18 and older who are living with their parent(s). If the youth, parent, and kinship caregiver live in the same home and the youth is in the custody of the kinship caregiver, select a kinship care option.

**Placement Pending:** Refers to the courts’ pending decision on the placement of a child.

**Placement services:** A professional providing support regarding a child’s out of home placement, permanency, and reunification. There are many providers assisting with placement needs of the child and family from municipalities, non-profit agencies, and for-profit agencies.

**Recreational services:** Activities provided to individuals that have socially redeeming values, completed during his/her free time for the purpose of enjoyment. This could include, but is not limited to sports, music, dance, games, travel, arts and crafts. There are many recreation providers from municipalities to nonprofit and for-profit agencies.


**Residential Treatment Facility:** A facility that provides a supervised living arrangements and mental health treatment for children/adolescents whose needs are such that they can only be served in a 24-hour residential setting.


**Respite:** A short-term placement designed to provide relief to the primary family caring for the child.

**School Dormitory:** A building on a school campus that has rooms where students can live.

Shared Case Responsibility (SCR): The sharing of the responsibility for care of and services to youth who are under the direct supervision of both County Child and Youth Agencies (CCYA) and Juvenile Probation Offices (JPO), and the families of these youth. Shared legal responsibility may be Court-ordered via a dual adjudication order (court determination that a youth is both dependent and delinquent, with care and responsibility assigned to CCYA), or via an order that incorporates language creating Shared Case Responsibility between CCYA and JPO for a youth’s care, possible placement, case management and services to the family. However, there may be less formalized scenarios in which each agency wishes to consider how services from the other agency could benefit the youth and family as a whole, even on a time-limited basis. For such cross jurisdictional or “crossover” cases, those that can benefit from a service aspect of both CCYA and JPO, “shared case responsibility” is now also established as a practice option that may exist outside a court order that established legal responsibility.


Shelter: A temporary, approved, unrestricted, residential facility (typically a more institutionalized setting) for a greater number of children than in typical group home settings, who cannot live with their families. Trained staff is on site twenty-four hours a day and individuals receive case management services, as well as therapy, dependent upon the facility.


Substance Abuse services for a parent(s) OR child (ren): Specialty medical and psychosocial interventions to reduce or discontinue the harmful use of alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs. Treatment addresses the physical, psychological, and social aspects of the “harmful or unhealthy use” and the chronic progressive disease of addiction with the goal of helping individuals achieve and maintain a healthy life.


Supervised Independent Living Program: A transitional living residence that is a home for five or fewer than five children, who are 16 years of age or older, who are all able to live in a semi-independent living setting.


30-day Residential Program: Residential programs that are 30 days or fewer; court-ordered, outside of the home with the intent of specifically working with children individually and can have a family component. Discharge is known at the time of placement and often is the same caregiver prior to the placement. Municipalities, non-profit and for-profit agencies, may provide this type of program.


Transportation services: Services that address transportation issues and can be provided in any manner. There are many providers assisting with transportation including municipalities, nonprofit and for-profit agencies.

Truancy: A widely defined legal term, however for the purpose of this evaluation, it is a child(ren) being absent from school habitually and/or regularly without permission.


**Youth Correctional Facility:** Refers to all juvenile facilities, privately or publicly owned and operated, that are designated by the court and approved by the Department of Human Services to detain, supervise, and/or secure a juvenile, charged with a criminal offense.