Hummel Family Safety Assessment, Part 1

Date of Safety Assessment: XX/XX/XXXX				Type of Assessment: First Face-to-Face Contact									
I. Family Name: Hummel			Case number: *********					Caseworker Name: Douglas					
Suf				Age	Suf	Child'	's Nan	ne			Age		
Α	Bobby Hummel			7									
B Cathy Hummel				6									
C David Hummel		<u> </u>	- ·	4			0		- ·	5 .			
		Rel		Seen	Care	giver of	Origin	's Name	Rel	Date	Seen		
April Hummel M Earl Carter B/		B/F	xx/xx xx/xx										
Ean Carter B/		D/F	XX/XX	/XXXX									
II. Identify Safety Threats Below				lumn. N	I by name or suffix in ote: only select Yes if reshold was met			Explain how Safety Thre (Safety Threshold: vulneral of control, imminent, and so	ole child	l, specit	ic, out-		
Date of Face-to-Face Contact:			xx/ xx/ xxxx	xx/ x x/ xxxx	xx/ xx/ xxxx			,			,		
Caregiver(s) intended to cause serious physical harm to the child.		Y											
		N	А	В	С								
Caregiver(s) are threatening to severely harm a child or are fearful that they will maltreat the child.		Y											
		N	А	В	С								
Caregiver(s) cannot or will not explain the injuries to a child.		Υ	Α					While April admits that Earl caused injury to Bobby, Earl denies having struck Bobby in the face and places blame on Bobby for injuring himself.					
		N		В	С								
	Child sexual abuse is suspected, has occurred, and/or circumstances suggest	Υ											
	buse is likely to occur.		Α	В	С								
		Υ	А	В	С			April and Earl regularly arguments have included objects, physically damand have also escalate	ed thro	wing of the ho	of me		
Caregiver(s) are violent and/or acting dangerously.		N						hitting April. In an attempt to intervene on behalf of his mother, Bobby was struck in the face, by Earl, causing bruising and swelling around his eye. The information supports that this behavior is likely to continue.					
	Caregiver(s) cannot or will not control their behavior.	Y	А	В	С			Both April and Earl drink to excess which leads to violence. It has also resulted in the children being left home alone with Bobby being responsible for the care of the other two children. Even though Earl states that he does not have a drinking problem neither he nor April demonstrate the ability to be in control of their behavior and prioritize drinking over providing care to the children.					
		N											
Caregiver(s) react dangerously to child's serious emotional symptoms, lack of behavioral control, and/or self-destructive.		L											
ŀ	behavioral control, and/or self-destructive behavior.		Α	В	С								
(Caregiver(s) cannot or will not meet the child's special, physical, emotional, medical, and/or behavioral needs.	Υ											

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	Ν	А	В	С	
Caregiver(s) in the home are not performing duties and responsibilities that assure child safety.	Υ	А	В	С	April works full time and when absent leaves the children under Earls' care. April does make consistent efforts to put breakfast on the table to ensure that the children have something to eat before going to school. While a strength, this also indicates that she is aware that the
	Z				children are not receiving the care that they need in her absence. She has not made any effort to identify alternate supervisors for any of the children. Only two children are school age. Earl is responsible for David's care throughout the entire time that April is at work. There is no information to support that Earl makes any effort to provide any care for the children. Bobby assumes that role when he is home. David appears to spend the majority of his time alone in his room. Bobby also has the responsibility to dress all of the children and make sure that Cathy gets to school. In addition, both April and Earl have also left the children alone so that they can go out and party.
10.Caregiver(s) lack of parenting	Υ	Α	В	С	April does have the parenting knowledge necessary to provide for the children. She is, however, the only person in the home with a full time job and is out of the home.
knowledge, skills, and/or motivation presents an immediate threat of serious harm to a child.	N				In addition, her relationship with Earl diminishes her motivation to prioritize the needs of her children over Earl's. Earl does not demonstrate any caregiving knowledge and ability and is not motivate to assume the role of the caregiver.
11.Caregiver(s) do not have or do not use resources necessary to meet the child's immediate basic needs which presents an immediate threat of serious harm to a child.					
		А	В	С	
12.Caregiver(s) perceive child in extremely	Υ				
negative terms.	N	Α	В	С	
Caregiver(s) overtly rejects CPS/GPS intervention; refuses access to a child;	Υ				
and/or there is some indication that the caregivers will flee.	Ν	Α	В	С	
44 Child in footful of the home situation	Υ	Α	В	С	Both Bobby and Cathy express fear of Earl and of the home situation. They also
14.Child is fearful of the home situation, including people living in or having access to the home.					worry for their mother's safety. David did not verbalize fear; however, his behaviors are of concern.